(LVIIth YEAR.) THE (No. 2872.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 28, 1802.

Laws of Maryland.

PASSED NOVEMBER SESSION, 1801.

A Supplement to an act, entitled, An act for the speedy recovery of small debts, and to repeal the eighth section thereof, passed at November session, seventeen hundred and ninety-one.

BE IT ENACTED *by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That in all cases where witnesses do not attend according to summons, the justice of the peace before whom such witnesses ought to have attended, shall and may enforce obedience to his process by attachment of contempt, to be made returnable before the justice of the peace issuing the same, or such other justice of the peace before whom the same shall be returned, who is hereby authorised and required to take cognizance thereof, and shall and may, at the discretion of such justice of the peace before whom the same shall be heard, tried and determined, fine the offender in any sum not exceeding twenty shillings current money of Maryland for every such offence, to be applied towards defraying the charges of the county wherein the same shall be recovered.

And be it enacted, That every justice of the peace by whom such fine shall be imposed, shall, upon refusal of the offender to pay the same, issue execution to the constable to levy said fine, with costs of execution, on the offender's lands, goods or chattels, and the constable receiving the said fine shall pay the same to the justice by whom such execution was issued, who shall, in every year, on or before the first day of January, make return of every such fine, and pay the same over to the clerk of the county wherein the same was recovered.

And be it enacted, That the clerks of the several county courts shall make true return of all such fines by them received to the justices of the levy courts of their respective counties, to be by them applied as aforesaid.

And be it enacted, That the eighth section of the act to which this is a supplement, passed November session, seventeen hundred and ninety-one, entitled, An act for the speedy recovery of small debts out of court, be and the same is hereby repealed.

A Supplement to an act, entitled, An act for regulating the mode of staying execution, and repealing the acts of assembly therein mentioned, and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED, *by the General Assembly of Maryland* That from and after the twentieth day of March next, no justice of the peace of this state, before whom supersedeas on any judgment rendered by a single magistrate hath been taken, shall make return of any such supersedeas to the office of the said county court, for the purpose that the same should be recorded or filed therein by the clerk of the said county, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it enacted, That any justice of the peace before whom supersedeas shall or may be taken from and after the said twentieth day of March next, or any other justice of the peace of said county, may and shall, at the request of the plaintiff, or any other person authorised by or on behalf of said plaintiff, issue execution by way of *capias ad satisfaciendum* or *fieri facias* against the principal debtor and his securities, or against either of them, after the expiration of the time so mentioned in the said supersedeas.

And be it enacted, That the constables of the respective counties of this state, who have been, or may hereafter be, duly appointed and qualified according to law, are hereby authorised and empowered to serve and levy executions issued by a justice of the peace on judgments obtained for small debts out of court, in the same manner and by the same process as the sheriff or their deputies are by law authorised to do, and to receive the same fees that the said sheriffs are entitled by law to receive for the same services; provided nevertheless, that the said constables shall, before they proceed to discharge the duties required by this act, give bond to the state of Maryland, with good and sufficient security, in the penalty of two hundred and fifty dollars, to be approved of by the levy court of the county, for the due performance of the duties of a constable, and also the duties and trust reposed in them by virtue of this act, whose duty it shall be to have the same filed or entered on record by their clerks; provided also, that nothing in this act contained shall be construed to prohibit or prevent the sheriff or their deputies, in the respective counties, from executing or levying executions issued by a justice of the peace for small debts out of court, when the same are put into their hands for this purpose, in the same manner as by law they have been or now are authorised to do.

And be it enacted, That where any judgment obtained before a single magistrate shall have continued for more than one year, and the said judgment had not been paid or satisfied, it shall and may be lawful for the justice before whom the said judgments had been obtained, or any other justice of the peace for said county, to revive the same by a writ of *scire facias*, which shall be made returnable on a certain day, not exceeding forty days from the time of issuing the same, to the said justice, or to any other justice of the peace of said county; and any constable, qualified as above mentioned, of the hundred, or of the said county, is hereby authorised and required to serve such writ of *scire facias*, and make due return thereof on the return day mentioned in the said writ, in the same manner, and entitled to the same fee, and liable to the same penalty, as in the case of a warrant issued by a single magistrate, according to law in such case made and provided.

And be it enacted, That it may be lawful for any constable of the county qualified as aforesaid, to deliver at the county gaol, to the sheriff or gaoler of the said county, any person committed by a single magistrate on a *capias ad satisfaciendum*, when the case may or doth so require, and that the said sheriff or his gaoler are hereby required and directed to take charge of such person, and the same in his custody safe keep, until such person or persons shall be duly discharged therefrom according to law.

And be it enacted, That this act shall continue to be in force for and during the continuance of the act to which this is a supplement.

And be it enacted, That so much of the act to which this is a supplement as is contrary to, or inconsistent with, this act, be and the same is hereby repealed.

An ACT respecting public notaries in this state.

WHEREAS the establishment of public notaries has been found useful in all commercial countries, and it is proper by law to regulate their fees in current money of the United States.

Be it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland, That after the thirty-first day of December instant, the governor and council shall appoint and commission, in addition to the notaries public already appointed and commissioned in this state, a competent number of persons of known good character, integrity and abilities, as notaries public for the state of Maryland, to reside within such place or places within this state as the governor and council shall, in and by their respective commissions, direct; provided always, that there shall not be at any time more than four notaries appointed and commissioned to reside within the city and county of Baltimore; and provided also, that no person shall be commissioned as a notary who is not a citizen of the United States, and shall not have resided within this state two years previous to his appointment.

And be it enacted, That the notaries public now or hereafter to be appointed and commissioned under the authority of this state, and every of them, shall have the power of administering oaths and affirmations according to law, in all matters belonging or incident to the exercise of their notarial office.

And be it enacted, That the said notaries, and every of them, shall have the power to receive the proof or acknowledgment of all instruments of writing relating to commerce or navigation, and such other writings as have been usually proved and acknowledged before notaries public, and also to make protests and declarations, and testify the truth thereof, under their seals of office, concerning all matters by them done in virtue of their respective offices.

And be it enacted, That every of the said notaries shall keep fair registers of all protests, and other official acts by them done in virtue of their office, and shall, when thereto required, give a certified copy of any record in his office unto any person or persons applying for the same, such person or persons paying the customary fees therefor.

And be it enacted, That in case of the death, resignation, disqualification or removal from office, of any of the said notaries, his or their registers and other public papers, shall be lodged, within sixty days next after such death, resignation, disqualification or removal, in the office of the clerk of the county where he or they reside, who may bring and maintain actions of trover or detinue for the same, and such registers or public papers shall not, in any case, be liable to be seized or taken in execution for debt or for any demand whatsoever.

And be it enacted, That every notary shall provide a public notarial seal, with which he shall authenticate his acts, instruments and attestations, on which seal shall be engraved such device as said notary may think proper, and for legend shall have the name, surname and office, of the notary using the same, and the place of his residence.

And be it further enacted, That every notary on his appointment, and before he enters on the duties of his office, shall take and subscribe an oath, or affirmation, that he shall and will well and faithfully perform the duties of his office, as is prescribed to be taken by other officers of the government of this state.

And be it enacted, That the fees to be received by the notaries public shall be as follow: Drawing all proceedings not exceeding two sides, fifty cents; drawing all proceedings exceeding two sides, twenty cents per side; registering or copying proceedings, for every such side ten cents; presenting a bill of exchange for acceptance, if accepted and not afterwards protested for non-payment, one dollar; presenting a bill or note for payment, if paid when presented, one dollar; noting a bill for non-acceptance, if not protested for non-acceptance or non-payment, one dollar; protesting a bill or note, or the like, for non-acceptance or non-payment, one dollar and seventy-five cents; noting a marine protest, one dollar; affixing notarial seal, fifty cents; for every search, where no copy is made, twenty-five cents; administering an oath or taking an acknowledgment, twelve and an half cents; and for all other acts and services in proportion to the aforesaid fees, to be paid at the time of doing the same.

And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for any notary public to do and perform such special acts proper to be done by a notary public to which he may be required, in any other county of this state than that for which such notary is appointed, but in all such cases, as well as in all cases where such notaries are required to go more than three miles from their place of actual residence, such notary shall be allowed not exceeding twenty cents per mile.

SALEM, January 17.

The last year was rendered memorable to Great Britain, by the incorporation of the "Royal Institution," the object of which is to apply the science of natural philosophy to the improvement of the useful arts, and the promotion of general happiness. The projector of this grand establishment is an *American*, COUNT RUMFORD—His patron, the king. It is under the direction of 150 subscribers at 50 guineas each; there are also 126 life subscribers at 10 guineas each; and 114 annual subscribers at 2 guineas each. Five thousand pounds have been raised for the construction of a theatre, for public lectures, and a splendid and convenient house has been taken for the accommodation of the society. This "Royal Institution" is probably designed as a rival to the famous "National Institute" of France.

[*London paper.*]

PHILADELPHIA, January 15.

Extract of a letter, dated Lancaster, January 13th, 1802.

"A resolution respecting the removal of the seat of government, was this day discussed in the house of representatives and negatived; in favour of removal 41—against a removal 42.

"A bill for erecting a new militia system has been reported and made the order for a distant day. Several other subjects of considerable importance will be discussed in a few days."

January 19.

A letter from an officer on board the U. S. frigate Philadelphia, dated at Algesiras the 30th of October last, says, that they were taking on board the provisions which had been sent out for them, and that they should leave that place in two days, with the convoy for Malaga, and from thence up the Mediterranean. The frigate President was shortly to sail from Gibraltar for the United States.

NORFOLK, January 9.

By the brig William, capt. Oldner, we have received St. Vincent's papers of a late date; the following proclamation of general Lacrosse is extracted from them; it is important, as it developes the intentions of the French government relative to Guadaloupe:

The verbal accounts by this vessel are, that the Pensee frigate had left at Madeira a fleet of 100 transports, and 6 British and 6 French sail of the line, full of French troops from France, on their way to the West-Indies.

Kingston, December 15.

On Wednesday last arrived here from Dominique, his majesty's ship Surinam, having on board two companies of the 1st W. India regiment for this island, under the command of captain Smelt. She brings the proclamation of gen. Lacrosse (a copy of which we have given in this day's paper) declaring all persons acting under the present usurpers in Guadaloupe, either by law or land, to be traitors.

IN THE NAME OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC.

The three chief magistrates, composing the government of the island of Guadaloupe, and its dependencies.

To all the citizens of the said colony,

While the first consul at the head of the armies was labouring to procure peace for Europe, while his whole attention seemed to be taken up with the destruction of factions, and totally bent upon giving a regular impulse to the interior government of France, while affairs of the greatest importance obliged him to neglect or set aside our colonies, nevertheless the island of Guadaloupe, which has always remained true to the mother country, was at the same time the object of his particular care.

The first consul, unwilling to wait until a regulation was completed, sent you a captain-general with the necessary provisional powers to put a stop to all prosecutions, and unjust proceedings, to see all usurpations restored, and to make every man enjoy the rights allowed by law.

On the 29th Germinal, an 10, (19th of April, 1801) the consuls made a regulation for the government of Guadaloupe, by which three chief magistrates were established, with respective powers for the military, civil government and justice.

In consequence of this regulation, the first consul has appointed rear-admiral Lacrosse, captain-general, the counsellor of state Lescallier, colonial prefect, and the magistrate Coster, commissary of justice.

Captain Valteau, commanding the Pensee frigate of the republic, having a passport from the admiralty of England, brings the news of a general peace, the citizens, Lescallier and Coster, were passengers on board. Being informed of the insult done to the captain-general, and his expulsion from the colony, neither the said magistrates, nor the commanding officer of the frigate could think of landing in an island, where a few factious men have seduced the armed forces, and still make them act contrary to their duty; they have been obliged to seek for the captain-general in the neighbouring islands; they have at least found him at Roseau, in the island of Dominica, where captain Valteau has delivered him the dispatches of government.

The three aforesaid magistrates composing the legal government of Guadaloupe, and the two representative powers of the French government, after having duly conferred together, have thought proper, collectively and each of them according to his attributions, to determine, regulate and order what follows:

Art. 1. The government of Guadaloupe shall provisionally reside at Dominica and the Saintes, with the consent and permission of the hon. Andrew Cochrane Johnstone, captain-general and governor in chief, in and over his Britannic majesty's island of Dominica, until the arrival of the sea and land forces which were, at the moment of the frigate's getting under weigh, ready to sail from France for these islands; and which enables them to foresee with certainty that the national authority will be respected; consequently all citizens who have remained faithful to the government, shall find at Dominica and the Saintes, support and protection, and there only the military and civil officers and agents of all denominations can find the means of acting under regular orders.

2. Orders are given to all military officers of the sea and land forces, to all civil and municipal officers, commissaries of government, officers of administration of the navy and colonies, to all treasurers, paymasters, store-keepers, directors and receivers of national property and lands, farmers of plantations, and all accountable agents whatsoever; to all members of the courts of justice and ministerial officers of justice, who have been continued in their employments by the captain-general, or by him appointed and established, to continue their service, and to act only under the immediate orders and directions of the aforesaid three magistrates, under whose attributions they are to act; all and each of the said officers and agents are by the present made answerable, personally and in their properties, present and to come, for all infractions and acts contrary to these orders.

3. It is forbidden to all officers of administration of the navy to give passes or permits either to ships of war, trading or coasting vessels, unless under the express condition of being first authorised by the captain-general and the colonial prefect respectively. In consequence of which, all captains or masters of ships or vessels, of boats or barges of any kind, are given to understand that they might not or cannot put to sea without legal permits from the national authority, under the penalty of being arrested in their persons, the forfeiture of their vessels and cargoes, and of being treated as disclaimed men, sea-robbers and pirates.

4. Any persons whatsoever persisting to continue in an employ either civil or military, without the consent of the present government, are declared guilty of treason against the mother country, and shall be prosecuted as such with all the severity directed by the laws.

5. Notice is given to all good and faithful citizens that none of the foreign governments (all now allies or friends of the French republic) will acknowledge usurped authority; but that all of them will, on the contrary strive to contribute, by all the means they can employ, to re-establish good order. They are hereby engaged to resist with courage, all kinds of usurpations, injustice or vexations, and trust to the national forces and authority.

Given at Roseau, in his Britannic majesty's island of Dominica, 8 Frimaire, an 10 (the 26th November, 1801.)

The captain-general, signed,
LACROSSE,
The colonial prefect, signed,
LESCALLIER,
The commissary of justice, signed,
COSTER.

WASHINGTON, January 11.

WHEREAS sundry letters lately sent to and from the office, particular two from the postmaster-general, sealed with his official seal, one for Albany, New-York; and the other for Bucks Town, Maine; have been broken open before they were received by the persons to whom they were directed: and other letters of importance from officers of government, and from individuals, have been suppressed and in some instances withheld or delayed in such manner as to induce a belief of premeditated and fraudulent design. And as among the other injurious consequences of such atrocious conduct the innocent and the guilty are in a state of uncertainty, alike subject to suspicion and censure, I therefore, (being implicated with others) will pay a reward of one hundred dollars for information which shall convict any person or persons of the above mentioned offences, and two hundred dollars in each case of the said letters of the postmaster-general.

THOMAS MUNROE,
P. M. Washington.

January 13.

☞ The several editors in the United States may benefit the public by publishing the above.

January 18.

The senate have confirmed the greater part of the appointments made by the president during the recess; the remaining appointments are still under consideration.

There was a division on the nomination of Mr. Pinckney, as minister to Madrid.

The secretary of state has received a letter from the consul at Havanna, which contains advice of the ports of Cuba being closed by proclamation on the 25th December last, to all American and other foreign vessels.

January 20.

The debate in the senate on the interesting subject of the judiciary has at length closed; and that body have decided, that it is *expedient* to repeal the act of the last session, and have by implication also decided the constitutional power of the legislature to vacate all judicial appointment made under that part of the constitution, that authorises the erection of inferior tribunals.

The decision will be a memorable one, as well from the importance of the point decided, as from the cool, dignified, and enlightened deliberation by which it was reached.

Estimate of the expences necessary for carrying into effect the convention between the United States of America and the French republic, of the 30th of Sept. 1801.

	Dolls.
For captures made prior to the date of the treaty on which no final condemnation had then passed, and of which the property was brought into the United States.	137,770
For captures made subsequent to the date of the treaty,	70,351
For captures, where the property was not brought into the United States, nor any condemnation had,	122,156
For cases of capture not at present known, and for a possible excess of the indemnities to be paid above the estimate, say	19,723
Dollars	350,000

NOTE.—The sum of 2000 dollars per annum, to cover the allowance to an agent at Paris to perform the office of soliciting the claims for restitution under the convention, has been included in the general estimate for the service of the year 1802.

The repairs put upon the corvette Berceau before her delivery to the French republic, are not included in the above estimate:—they amount to 32,839 dolls. 54 cents.

BALTIMORE, January 20.

We learn from Delaware that on the 14th instant col. David Hall was, in the presence of both houses, declared by the speaker of the senate, to be duly elected governor of that state, by a majority of 18 votes. [*Republican.*]

January 22.

The following proposed amendments of the Federal constitution, have passed the legislature of Virginia, and the governor has been directed, without delay, to transmit them to the different state legislatures throughout the union, and to invite their cordial co-operation. The preamble states, that there are defects in the constitution, which have from their operation as heretofore experienced, excited the well founded fears of the people and the states individually, that certain principles, under the influence of those defects, were rapidly progressing to the destruction of the liberty and happiness of the people at large; and in order effectually to quiet those fears, they propose "to prune the constitution of its exuberances, which might ultimately lead to the introduction of aristocracy or monarchy!" And, fearful that the "mildness of the present administration might lull the people into a state of security" they think this the proper time to make the amendments proposed:

Whereas there are defects in the constitution of the United States, which from their operation as heretofore experienced, have excited well founded fears to the people and the states individually, that certain principles under the influence of the defects alluded to were rapidly progressing, which were destructive of the liberty and happiness of our fellow-citizens at large; and believing as we do, that a corrupt administration will at all times have in their power to give that direction which will most probably fix upon the people a system of real oppression; in order effectually to quiet those fears, and to prune the constitution of its exuberances, which may ultimately lead to the establishment of aristocracy or monarchy; these considerations induce the legislature of Virginia, to suggest to the sister states, the propriety and necessity of amending the federal compact, in a way, as to secure the invaluable rights which ought to attach to a republican form of government, they think the present the most proper time to commence this highly important work, whilst they have fresh in their recollection the extreme danger from which they have emerged: and it is further their opinion if these defects should not be now corrected, that the mildness of the present administration will be such as to lull the people into a state of security, which will render any affairs of this kind fruitless and abortive, and that no further future attempt can succeed until the people are forced into it by the hand of oppression. They therefore take the liberty to propose the following amendments to the constitution aforesaid.

First.—That from and after the next presidential election, the president of the United States shall not be permitted to serve a longer period than for four years successively, and that he shall be ineligible until one complete term shall have intervened.

Secondly.—That the senators of the United States shall in future be elected for three instead of six years, and that they shall be classed as heretofore, so that one third may go out of office every year.

Thirdly.—That the treaty making power shall be so construed, as to give to the house of representatives of the United States a complete control over all treaties, whenever their agency shall be required to carry such treaty into effect; and that all such treaties are to be considered as not ratified or binding upon the government, until the sanction of the house of representatives shall have been obtained.

Fourthly.—That in all future elections of president and vice-president of the United States the characters voted for shall be particularly designated, by declaring which is voted for as president, and which as vice-president.

The executive of this state are hereby directed, without delay, to transmit the foregoing amendments to the different state legislatures throughout the union, to invite their cordial co-operation.

[*Republican.*]

January 23.

The officers of the frigates Chesapeake, commodore Truxton, Constellation and Adams, are ordered to repair immediately to the city of Washington, and to hold themselves in readiness to sail upon an expedition, it is presumed for the Mediterranean.

[*Phil. paper.*]

IMPORTANT.

A gentleman belonging to a respectable mercantile house of Alexandria, now in this town, received a letter from his partner last night, dated the 21st inst. which says, "*I am sorry to inform you Toussaint is no more. He has been caught by the blacks and burnt alive.*" The letter mentions nothing further on the subject; but from the gentleman's connexions in trade at Cape Francois, there is no doubt but his information is from the most unquestionable source. His letter probably came by the way of Norfolk, where captain Ferguson, whose packet left there on Tuesday last, states that the same report of Toussaint being burnt was current, though not generally credited.

Toussaint was probably way laid by some of Moyes's party in his usual tour from the Cape to Port Republican, which he mostly made without any guard. And as a retaliation for the death of their general, and to prevent, as they suspected, betraying them to the whites, it is not unlikely that they have inflicted this savage and excruciating torture.

Should this news unfortunately be true, a ferocious resistance will be made to the troops embarked for that colony, and much blood will be shed before the blacks can be subdued.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Prince-George's county, letters of administration de bonis non on the estate of STALEY NICHOLS, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, all persons having claims against the said estate are hereby requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

VACHEL GATTHER, Administrator de bonis non.

December 21, 1801.

CAME to the subscriber's plantation, on Severn river, about the first of December last, a small red and white HEIFER, two or three years old, marked with a crop and slit in the right ear, and a crop in the left. The owner is desired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

CHARLES PITTS.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, December 31, 1801.

JAMES H. ANCRUM, Annapolis.

James Brown, Iſaiah Balderſton, James P. Boyd, Thomas C. Bowie, James Blake, John S. Betton, rev. John Bloodgood, care of Gideon White, John Beveridge, Annapolis; Lucy Battee (2), Elizabeth Burke, James Belt, ſen. Samuel Banks (2), Anne-Arundel county.

John Callahan, Th. Callahan, Jonathan B. Carr, Archibald Chiſholm, Mr. Caſſady, care of John Welſhe, William Caton, Thomas Croxall, Annapolis; Margaret Cole, care of Thomas Tucker, Weſt-river.

Mrs. Walter Dulany, Francis Deakins, Gabriel Duvall (4), Clement Dorſey (2), Henry Davidge, Annapolis; Richd. Darnall (2), Bennett Darnall (2), near Pig Point; Nancy Davis, care of D. Weems, Herring Bay; Chriſtian Deale, capt. John Deale, Weſt river.

Capt. James Friſer, Solomon Frazier, John Fleming, Annapolis.

John Gwinn (4), John L. Gibſon, John Gibſon, Jacob Gibſon, Thomas Glover, Annapolis.

Samuel H. Howard (4), Jane Howard, J. T. Hamilton, J. Carvill Hall, Iſaac Harris, Clement Holliday, Samuel Hughes, jun. Zebulon Hollingſworth, Annapolis; Annie Hill, Anne Hawkins, London-town; Richd. Harriſon, Herring Bay; Richard Harwood, Saml. Henry (2), Anne-Arundel county.

Sally Jacobs, care of Joſeph Evans, Annapolis.

Philip Key, Philip Key, ſen. Edward Knowles, Annapolis.

Anne Levaſhe (2), James Low, Annapolis; Benjamin Lane, near Annapolis.

William Marbury, J. R. Middleton, Walter Mackall (5), David M'Mechen, Wm. M'Mechen (2), Mr. Maccubin, care of Mr. Cumins, Gilbert Murdoch, Thomas M'Neir, Annapolis.

Roger Nelſon, Annapolis.

John Purviance, Wm. Polk, Annapolis; Thomas Perrott (2), Anne-Arundel county.

Allen Quinn, Annapolis.

Eliza Retallack, Benj. Rumſey, William Rawlings, Geo. Ruſſell, Joſhua Rawlings, care of John Hyde, Monſ. Revel, Clement Richards, Annapolis; Gaſſaway Rawlings, near Annapolis.

Rebecca Severe, John Simkins, William Smith, Thomas Smith, Dr. Jas. E. Stoneſtreet, care of Wm. Alexander, Benedict Steuart, Dr. John Stewart, John Sterrett, Jedne Stroy, Peter Smock, Clem Shorte, Annapolis; Charles Stewart, London-town; Harriott Sellman, John Snowden, Caleb Sappington, Anne-Arundel county.

George Tyler, at Dr. Stockett's, Anne-Arundel county; Nancy Thomas, Thos. Tucker, William Tillard, Weſt river.

Mrs. Weems, Robert Wright, James B. Wilkinſon, John Williams, John Welſh, David Weſt, Annapolis; Charles Warfield, near Mrs. Urquhart's; Thomas Warthington, ſon of John, Anne-Arundel county.

S. GREEN, D. P. M.

Thoſe perſons ſending for any of the above letters are requeſted to ſend the money, or they will not be delivered. 1

NOTICE.

THE VISITORS of Anne-Arundel county FREE SCHOOL propoſe to meet, on the premiſes, on Saturday the ſixth day of February next, to receive the propoſals of any perſon or perſons that wiſhes to become a teacher in ſaid ſchool.

January 14, 1802. 2

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ſubſcriber intends to apply to the next Calvert county court for a commiſſion to mark and bound a tract of land called SWINSEN'S REST, lying in ſaid county, agreeably to an act of aſſembly in ſuch caſe made and provided. ELIZABETH DARE.

January 18, 1802. 2

NOTICE.

THE ſubſcriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Charles county, in Maryland, letters of adminiſtration on the perſonal eſtate of RICHARD GARDINER, late of Charles county, deceaſed; all perſons having claims againſt the ſaid eſtate are hereby warned to exhibit the ſame, with the vouchers thereof, to the ſubſcriber, on or before the firſt day of Auguſt next, they may otherwiſe by law be excluded from all benefit of the ſaid eſtate. Given under my hand this 19th day of January, 1802.

ALOYSIA GARDINER. 2

TAKEN up on Sandy Point, by the ſubſcriber, now reſiding in Annapolis, a ſmall ROW-BOAT, with a red ſtern, a ring bolt in her head and ſtern, ſhe is 13 feet nine inches long, and 5 feet 4 inches wide. The owner may have her again, by proving property and paying charges.

JOSEPH CARROLL.

January 18, 1802. 2

NOTICE.

Purſuant to an order of the orphans court of Prince-George's county, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, in the town of Upper-Marlborough, on the fourth day of February next,

ALL the perſonal property of JAMES HINTON, late of ſaid county, deceaſed, conſiſting of horſes, cattle, hogs, corn, and houſehold furniture. A credit of ſix months will be allowed, upon the purchaſers giving bond, with approved ſecurity.

JOS. W. BRASHEARS, Adminiſtrator.

January 18, 1802. 3X

By virtue of a decree from the honourable the High Court of Chancery, the ſubſcriber will SELL, at PUBLIC AUCTION, on Tueſday the 23d of February next, at the manſion of the late major RICHARD CHEW,

ALL the real eſtate of the ſaid Richard Chew, conſiſting of about twelve hundred and twenty acres of land, in one body, ſituate in Anne-Arundel county, lying on the Cheſapeake Bay, and forms the mouth of Herring Bay, twenty miles from Annapolis, fifty from Baltimore, and thirty-five from the city of Waſhington; this land is as rich and fertile as any on the Cheſapeake, affords the moſt luxuriant paſturage, has a large proportion of meadow land, and the greateſt abundance of fire wood and timber, and for ſhip building the beſt timber on the Cheſapeake may be had on this land; the ſituation is healthy, and as beautiful a proſpect as any on the bay, a good harbour, and the waters lying around the land afford the greateſt abundance of excellent fiſh, crabs, oyſters, and wild fowl. The improvements are valuable, conſiſting of a large two ſtory brick dwelling-houſe, with four rooms and a commodious paſſage on each floor, with excellent cellars under the whole houſe, a large and elegant garden, laid off with falls, a good kitchen, and almoſt every other neceſſary out houſes. The very convenient ſituation of this land muſt be obvious to every perſon wiſhing to purchaſe, as the wood, timber, and the whole product of the land, can be removed from thence by water, and that in a few hours, to the markets of Annapolis and Baltimore.

A more minute deſcription of this valuable property is thought unneceſſary, as any perſon wiſhing to purchaſe can view the ſame, by applying to Doct. Richard Chew, who reſides thereon, or to Mr. Philemon L. Chew, who lives within a few miles of it. The terms of ſale are, that the purchaſer or purchaſers ſhall either pay down one ſixth part of the purchaſe money on the day of ſale, or give bond with ſecurity for the payment of the ſame on the chancellor's ratification, which will be in four weeks after return of the ſale is to him made by the truſtee, for the reſidue a bond, or bonds, are to be given, with ſecurity, on intereſt, to be approved by the chancellor, payable in two equal annual payments; and on the receipt of the whole of the purchaſe money, the ſubſcriber, by a good deed indented, will give, grant, bargain, ſell, and confirm to the purchaſer or purchaſers, his, her, or their heirs, the land ſold to them, and all the right, title, intereſt, and eſtate therein and thereto, of the ſaid Richard Chew, or his heirs, or any perſon claiming by, from, or under them. It is further ordered by the chancellor, that the creditors of the ſaid deceaſed, who have not yet exhibited their claims, ſhall file the ſame in the court of chancery, with the vouchers thereof, before the firſt day of June next.

JOSEPH WILKINSON, Truſtee.

January 15, 1802. 2

In CHANCERY, January 5, 1802.

ORDERED, That the ſales made by JOHN CAMPBELL and HENRY H. CHAPMAN, on the 15th day of July, 1799, as ſtated in their report this day filed, of certain lands belonging to gen. WILLIAM SMALLWOOD, deceaſed, ſhall be ratified and confirmed, unleſs cauſe to the contrary be ſhewn before the 10th day of March next, provided a copy of this order be inſerted in the Maryland Gazette three times during the preſent month.

The ſaid report ſtates the ſales as follow:

	Acres.	rds.	ps.	per acre.	
Part of Chriſtian Temple Manor,	273	3	0	at £.6	
Firſt part of Sempſon's Supply,	240	0	0		
2d part of ditto,	9	0	23		
Thomas Town,	191	0	8		£.6 5
Thomas Town's help,	21	2	20		
Cole or Coleby,	352	3	11		
Whitland,	76	0	38		£.6 2
Pritchard,	233	0	0		£.4 19 6
Wild Gooſe Chace,	313	3	33		40/.
Small Profit,	345	0	22		37/6
Maſe More,	124	1	3		
Howland,	348	1	22		
Part of Hopewell,	72	1	6		£.3 7 6
Nelſon's Progreſs,	50	0	0		

Teſt. SAMUEL H. HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can. 3X

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away on the evening of the firſt inſtant, a negro man called CHARLES, a ſhort black fellow, thirty-five years of age, ſtrong and active, broad ſhoulders, large face, noſe, mouth, and thick lips, marked in the face by the ſmall-pox; his left ear is much ſmaller than the right; he walks remarkably wide, and turns his toes very much in. He went off about this time laſt year, and was out nine months, employed by, and taken in the houſe of, a free negro, who rents land of Samuel Ward, near Herring creek church, who knew him to be my ſlave; he has a quick way of ſpeaking, and a remarkable down look when ſpoken to. It is preſumed he will make for the Federal City or Baltimore, and will endeavour to paſs for a free man, and probably will take the name of, and may obtain a paſs from, ſome free negro. A reward of twenty dollars will be paid for taking and ſecuring him at either of the above cities, or ten dollars if taken a leſs diſtance, with reaſonable expences if delivered to Joſeph Taylor, or

W. BROGDEN.

Anne-Arundel county, July 30, 1801. 11

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, to the higheſt bidder, for CASH, on Saturday the ſixth day of February next,

THE ſubſcriber's plantation whereon he now lives, known by the name of BEARD'S POINT, lying in Anne-Arundel county, on South river, half a mile above Quynn's ferry, ſeven from Annapolis, twenty-one from the city of Waſhington, and twenty-eight from Baltimore, containing one hundred and ſeventy-ſix acres, more or leſs, there are on the premiſes a ſtrong tobacco inſpection houſe, with heads, prizes, weights and ſcales, all in complete order for the reception and inſpection of tobacco, a good wharf, ſufficient for loading and unloading of veſſels, alſo a ſtrong dwelling-houſe, with a cellar and ſtore room, 3 well finiſhed rooms, and fire place above ſtairs, paled yard and garden, a kitchen, two tobacco houſes, ſtable, corn houſe, and all other neceſſary out houſes, a good apple orchard, two ſprings of excellent water; there is a great quantity of wood and timber, among which are a number of valuable cheſnut and locuſt trees, and alſo the great convenience of fiſh and wild fowl in their reſpective ſeaſons; it is a ſtand for the mercantile buſineſs, to equal any in the county. Poſſeſſion, and a good and indiſputable title, will be given immediately to the purchaſer, upon the whole of the money being paid down.

The ſubſcriber will take a few likely negroes in part payment. THOMAS BEARD, jun.

Beard's Point, January 11, 1802. 3X

In CHANCERY, January 9, 1802.

ON application to the chancellor, by petition in writing, of EDWARD J. PRYSE, of the city of Annapolis, praying the benefit of the act for the relief of ſundry inſolvent debtors, paſſed at the laſt ſeſſion, on the terms therein mentioned, and a ſchedule of his property, and a liſt of his creditors, ſo far as he can aſcertain the ſame, on oath, being annexed to his petition, and the ſaid Edward J. Pryſe being a perſon known to the chancellor to be at this time, and to have been at the time of paſſing the ſaid act, a citizen of this ſtate, and of the United States, and the ſaid Edward J. Pryſe, at the time of preſenting his petition, having produced to the chancellor the aſſent, in writing, of ſo many of his creditors, as have due to them, according to the liſt aforeſaid, the amount of two thirds of the debts due by him, at the time of paſſing the ſaid act; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that the ſaid Edward J. Pryſe, by cauſing a copy of this order to be inſerted in the Maryland Gazette, once in each of three ſucceſſive weeks, during the preſent month, give notice to his creditors to appear in the chancery office, at eleven o'clock, on the twentieth day of February next, for the purpoſe of recommending ſome perſon to be truſtee for their benefit, on the ſaid Edward J. Pryſe's then and there taking the oath preſcribed for delivering up his property.

Teſt. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD. Reg. Cur. Can. 3X

FOR SALE.

THE ſubſcriber will SELL, at PRIVATE SALE, on a liberal credit, and give immediate poſſeſſion, his property on Weſt river, containing between four and five hundred acres of land, on which is a great proportion of wood, two valuable timothy meadows, and a great variety of young fruit trees; this land is well calculated to divide into two lots, having two comfortable dwelling-houſes on it, with every neceſſary improvement. A further deſcription is deemed unneceſſary. Alſo may be had with ſaid land, a valuable ſtock of horſes, mules, cattle, ſheep, &c. and a few negroes. He will alſo ſell three hundred acres of land in the foreſt of Prince-George's, it being one of the richeſt ſpots in that county; this land is well improved, in high cultivation, a great proportion of wood, and upwards of fifty acres of meadow land, lying about eight miles from Waſhington, and four from Bladenſburg. For further particulars inquire of EDWARD HALL

Weſt river, January 6, 1802. 3

REMOVAL.

THE ſubſcriber has this day removed his STORE to the adjoining houſe, lately in the occupation of THOMAS HARWOOD, Eſquire; he is thankful to thoſe who have heretofore favoured him with their dealings, and ſolicits a continuance.

JONATHAN PINKNEY.

January 12, 1802. 3

NOTICE is hereby given, that the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county will ſit on every Tueſday and Saturday, for the purpoſe of granting letters of adminiſtration on deceaſed perſons eſtates, paſſing accounts, making diſtribution, ſettling guardians accounts, and all other matters relative to deceaſed's eſtates, the regiſter of wills having the power, will, on any other day, receive inventories and grant letters teſtamentary.

By order,

JOHN GASSAWAY, reg. wills A. A. county. 4

FROM the great injury which Mrs. ELIZABETH G. CARTER has ſuſtained on her farm, in Severn river neck, I do hereby forewarn every perſon or perſons from hunting on ſaid farm, either with dog or gun, as I am determined to put the law in force againſt every offender.

GASSAWAY RAWLINGS, Truſtee for Elizabeth G. Carter.

January 4, 1802. 4X

Anne-Arundel county. fct.

WHEREAS WILLIAM ALEXANDER, collector of the tax for Anne-Arundel county, hath this day returned to the commissioners of the tax for said county the following list of lands in said county, on which there is no personal property to pay the county taxes, to wit:

House and lot in Annapolis, 0 18 4, Henry and Rezin Davidge.

House and lot in ditto, 1 14 5, Margaret Pryse.

House and lot in ditto, 1 0 8, Moses Maccubbin.

House and lot in ditto, 0 19 10, Elizabeth Middleton.

Farmer's Field, 5 3 5, John Gillis.

Philk's Rest, 0 7 3, Thomas Todd.

Part Dawson's Chance, Forked Creek, Chance, Athley's Adventure, Friendship, Foothold, Brushy Bottom, part Dawson's Chance, Luckey Point, Brushy Neck, other lands, names unknown, 11 2 3, James Lloyd.

Part Holland's Choice, 0 17 5, William Boyer's heirs.

Part Yates Inheritance, part Howard's Range, land, name unknown, 1 12 11, Hockley Company.

Part Duncan's Chance, 0 11 11, Thomas Hawkins.

Part ditto and Murphy's Lot, 0 11 6, James Hawkins.

Part Murphy's Lot, 0 11 8, Rezin Hawkins.

Part Rockhold's Purchase, part Point Lookout, and part Best Success, 1 0 5, Joseph Hawkins.

Hopkin's Lot, 0 18 3, Benjamin Ricketts.

Part Grindstone, 1 3 3, Margaret Sappington.

Part Fowler's Range, 0 11 5, Priscilla Fowler.

Part Duvall's Range, 0 19 9, Stephen Steward.

Beard's Point Lands, Iiams's Purchase, and Burgess Choice, 4 4 9, John Beard.

Chaney's Rest and Wade's Increase, 1 1 1, Susanna French.

Clark's Inheritance, 3 15 3, John Groves.

Part Hickory Hills and Franklin's Enlargement, part Burgess Choice, Middle Plantation, Covel's Folly, and Mount Misery, 6 2 3, Thomas King.

Lot in London-town, No. 51, 0 2 11, William Biggs.

Lands, names unknown, 8 6 8, Johanna Plummer.

Shekell's Chance, 0 18 2, Francis Essex.

Batchelor's Choice, 0 2 9, William Gover.

Beans and Bacon, 6 4 11, Samuel Hamilton.

Lands, names unknown, 1 11 1, Priscilla Simmons.

Anne-Arundel Manor, 0 12 10, Richard Shekell.

Grammer's Parrott, 2 1 4, Nathan Smith.

Hill's Purchase, 1 10 2, Anne Vernon.

Hunt's Chance, 1 16 0, Mary Evans.

Lands at Elk-Ridge Landing, 1 10 10, Joshua Griffith's heirs.

Land formerly assessed to D. Griffith, 2 12 5, William Urquhart.

Part Hebron, and part Batchelor's Choice, 1 2 4, Valentine Brown.

Part Invasion and Any Thing, 1 15 2, Vachel Barnes.

Part Half Pone, 0 11 8, John Barlow, sen. heirs.

Part Invasion, part Conclusion, and What's Left, 1 18 8, John Brown, of Adam, heirs.

Part Howard's Resolution, 0 17 6, Michael Cramblit.

Carter's Rocks, and Patapsco Mill Seat, 2 14 0, John Cornelius.

John's Lookout, 1 8 4, Catharine Gardner.

Land formerly assessed to John Sterett, 5 1 6, Samuel Sterett.

Part sundry tracts, 1 8 9, William Slupley, sen. heirs.

Part Partnership and Snowden's Manor, 1 6 8, John W. Burgess.

Part Second Addition to Snowden's Manor, and part Warfield's Range, 1 19 2, Elizabeth Dickinson.

Part Neal's Delight, 8 9 1, John Mobberly.

Part Metriken's Fancy, and part Nancy's Fancy, 3 3 5, Thomas Marriott.

Part Bite the Biter, and Hammond and Gift, 0 2 11, James Tolson.

Rockey Spring, 0 17 6, Joseph Harden.

Part Worthington's Range, 0 15 1, Beale Israel.

Part Mansell's United Friendship, and Bellmont, 3 18 7, Samuel Chase.

Point Lookout Enlarged, 1 7 0, Luke Davis.

Its to be or not to be, 1 0 4, Hugh Finley.

Musgrove's Connection, 1 11 1, Samuel Musgrove.

Blooming Plains, 5 7 4, Isaac Pollock.

Andover, and part Walker's Inheritance, 9 16 1, Thomas Harrison's heirs.

Part Additional Defence, 1 1 2, John M'Donald.

Part Stampt Act Repealed, 0 14 6, Samuel Dodges.

Part Support to Small Quantity, 0 7 8, Mary Leatherwood.

Part Weedy Glade, 1 7 6, William Smith, Balt.

Part Stampt Act Repealed, 0 10 11, Susanna Stansbury.

Part Lookout, and Good Will to his Lordship, 1 3 10, Anthony Musgrove, of Saml.

Yates Contrivance, and Cockey's Neglect, 3 3 3, Edward Dorsey, of Jno. heirs.

NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the county charges aforesaid are paid within thirty days after the publication of this notice, that the said lands, or such parts thereof as will be sufficient to pay the tax and costs thereon, will be sold, to the highest bidder, agreeably to the directions of the act of assembly, entitled, An act for the more effectual collection of the county charges in the several counties of this state.

By order,

NICH. HARWOOD, Clk.

Dec. 30 1801. Com. Tax A. A. Co.

A LIST of the names of tracts and number of lots of land, in Allegany county, held by persons not residents of said county, the amount of the taxes thereon respectively due for the year eighteen hundred and one, and the names of the persons respectively chargeable with the payment of the same, the taxes thereon being now due and unpaid, and no personal property can be found in Allegany county liable for, or chargeable with, the same.

Persons Names.	Names of land, &c.	Taxes due.
Zachariah Allen	75	10½
Catharine Boyer	295, 315, 328	2 7½
Valentine Brother	931	10½
Michael Boyer	297, 436	1 9
Thomas Bodley	1807	10½
Thomas Blackistone	2595, 2596, 2597, 2598	3 6
Archibald Chisholm	Shawney War	1 12 11
	226, 80, 4094, 3127, 4034	4 4½
George Cooke	Bottom	3 6
William Coe	2534	10½
Richard Dorsey	438	10½
John Doyle	3049, 3038, 3166	2 7½
Uriah Forrest	Orme's Mistake	9 2½
	Orme's Trouble	8 3½
	The General's Wish	15 3½
	14 lots in Western Port	13 6½
Samuel Godman	Part Water Works	12 2½
Archibald Golder	1124	10½
Augustine Gambrill	1930	10½
Levi Hughs	3194, 3195, 3196, 3197	3 6
Thomas Hewitt	909	10½
James G. Howard	273	10½
Samuel Jay	216, 492, 167, 170, 810, 290, 1010, 1834, 1121	7 10
Thomas Johnson	Promised Land	4 3 4
	Thomas and Anne	5 4 2
	Peace and Plenty	3 18 1½
	Part Spruce Spring	3 4
	320 lots westward of Cumberland	13 17 8½
	Part of Granary	7 6½
Edward Jones	135, 21, 4036, 1935, 56, 131, 932, 2536, 241, 1267	8 9
Elisha Jarrett	Kingan's Discovery	1 4
John Kingan	Small Meadows	17 9 0½
Lloyd and Paca	Hunting Ground	9 2½
	Brick Bones	1 14 6½
	Rich Glade	8
William Miley	1293, 1294, 3115	2 7½
Gilbert Murdoch	885, 931	1 9
James Miller	416, 2550, 359, 487, 929, 417	5 2½
Robert G. Maynard	2397, 2022, 310, 811	3 6
John Orme	Mill Seat and Felicity	18 2
John Pollard	165, 1413, 2029, 1244, 850	4 4½
Walter Roe	Dunghill	1 12 6
John Randle	2363, 2364, 2366, 2365	3 6
Thomas B. Randle	950, 945, 885, 1950, 1130, 130	5 2½
Mitchell Robinson	2060, 2061, 2062, 2067	3 6
Samuel Selby, 3d	Locust Ridge Resurved, resurvey on Recourie, Castle Hill	4 16 10½
	1237	10½
John Schley	3066	10½
James Shaw	Governor's Neglect	1 15 9½
Gustavus Scott's heirs	Roby's Delight	19 4½
	Orme's Attention	1 11 5½
	Chesnut Grove	1 1 2
	Now or Never	1 7 7½
	2487	3 3
	Hard Struggle	1 12 4½
	Mount Pisgah	1 12 7½
Benjamin Stoddert	Roby's Delight and Ray's Discovery	1 14 10
	New Carthage	5 0
	Orme's Discovery	15 9½
	Mount Pleasant	1 4 11
	Orme's Choice	13 1½
	Pleasant Ridge	9 9½
	Park	5 18 6½
	Mount Etna	1 4 11½
	The Diadem	2 4 2½
	Cherry tree Meadows	1 10 2
	Mill Seat	3 5½
	Pink of Allegany	7 6 7½
	First Venture	6 11½
	Republic	10 18 0½
	Addition	14 10
Thomas and Samuel Turner	3435, 3882, 3883, 3884, 3885, 3886, 3440, 3449, 3450, 3451, 3432, 3454, 3455, 3456, 3458, 3459, 3461, 3462, 4163	1 3 5½ 10½
John Thompson	2615, 2616, 2618, 2619	3 6
	1226, 1136, 1226	2 7½
John Willson	4045	10½
James West, jun.	2081, 1005	1 9
Richard Corbus	1 house and lot Western Port, 2 state lots	5 6
	Colemine	1 9
	2 lots	3 6
George Every	Resurvey on Hampstead Park	13 8
Thomas Johnson	Chance	4 8
Honore Martin	5 acres land, 2 houses and lots, 8 lots Western Port	1 2 3½
Henry Myers	Parker's Neglect	3½
Abel Sargeant	Bottom	3 6
	4021	
	Brodhag's Coal mine	1 10
Benjamin Black	1 lot in Cumberland	2 1
Denton Jacques		
Edward Langly	4 lots in Cumberland	4 7
Thos. J. Beatty		
Peter D. Evecmon	1 lot in Cumberland	2 1
James M'Pherson		
Robert Selby's heirs	1 lot in Cumberland	2 1
Joseph Tomlinson		
Charles Beatty	1 lot in Cumberland	1 7
George Reiley	Jacob's Ladder	10 5
	Red-bird Thicket	5 10½
	1464, 290, 94, 95	3 6
James Beatty	Resurvey on Elk lick	
	The Request	
	Joseph's Folly	
	Lost Glove	16 7
Nathan Gregg	New Addition	7 1
John C. Jones	Horse Pasture	8 1

NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the county tax, proportion of advertising, and other legal charges, due on the lands aforesaid, shall be paid to WILLIAM M'MAHON, Esq; collector of Allegany county, on or before the first Monday in June next, the lands, so charged as aforesaid, or such part thereof as may be necessary to raise the sum due thereon, shall be sold to the highest bidder, for the payment of the same.

By order of the commissioners of the tax for Allegany county,

AQUILA A. BROWNE, Clk.

November 27, 1801.

THOMAS SHAW,

HAS RECEIVED, AND OFFERS FOR SALE,

At his store, near the State-House,

A small quantity of plated ware, viz.

OVAL and octagon tea-pots,
ditto ditto coffee-pots,
Goblets,
Castors,
Patent candlesticks,
Common ditto,
Snuffers and snuffer trays,
Salts. Also,
Reeves's patent water colours in boxes,
Camel's hair and black lead pencils,
Pallets and colour tyles,
India ink and rubber,
Cases of instruments.

Morocco purses, pocket books and thread cases, writing and letter paper, quills, wafers, &c. inkstands, ink-powder, pounce boxes and pounce, backgammon tables, quadrille boxes, dice boxes and dice, ladies dressing glasses and dressing boxes, tea caddies, caddy shells, and decanter stands.

A few pair of handsome brass andirons, shovels, tongs, coal hods, Japanned plate warmers and knife trays, wire fenders with brass tops, paper and Japanned tea boards.

A small assortment of hollow glass ware, consisting of decanters, tumblers, wines, punch glasses, rummers and salts.

Entry and chamber lamps, with boxes of wicks, locks, hinges, bolts, screws, nails, &c.

A few cheap clothes and cassimers, which, with sundry other articles, will be disposed of on reasonable terms.

Annapolis, November 25, 1801.

JUST RECEIVED,
And for SALE at the Printing-Office,
Price, three eighths of a dollar.

THE
GREAT ERROR
OF
American Agriculture Exposed,
AND
HINTS FOR IMPROVEMENT
SUGGESTED.
By THOMAS MOORE,
Of Montgomery county, State of Maryland.

Printing-Office, Annapolis.

PAYMENTS are earnestly solicited from all persons indebted to this office, and in a particular manner from those debtors who reside in the city of Annapolis, and in Anne-Arundel county. Necessity alone induces this second application, and it is sincerely hoped it will be noticed, and attended to.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and GARDNER GREEN.